



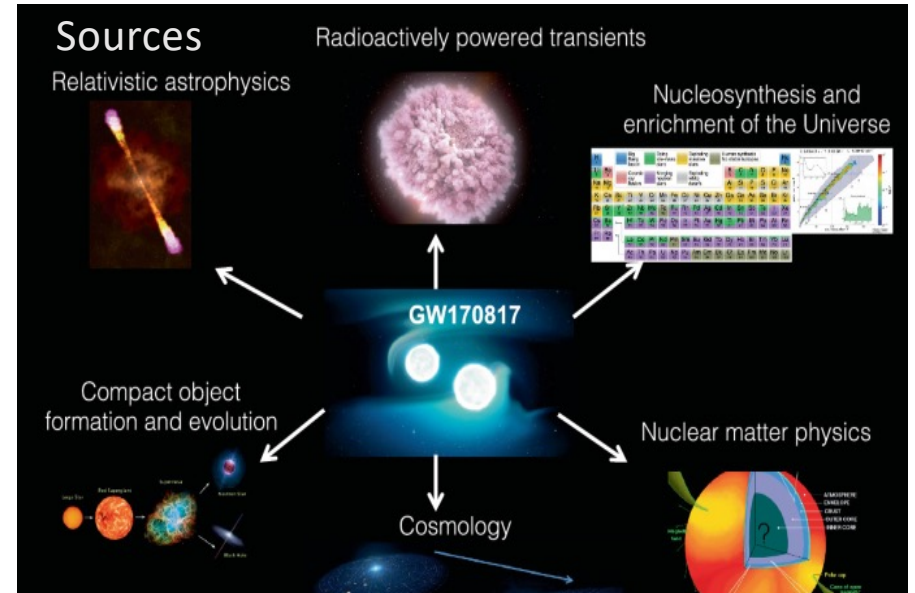
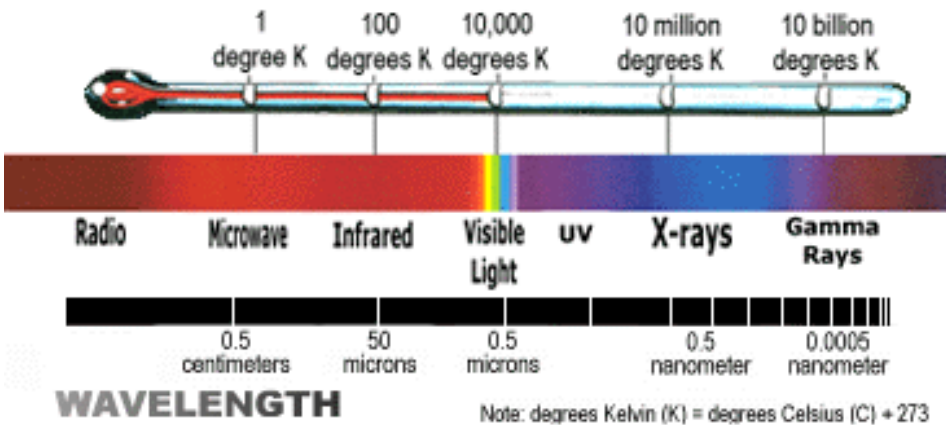
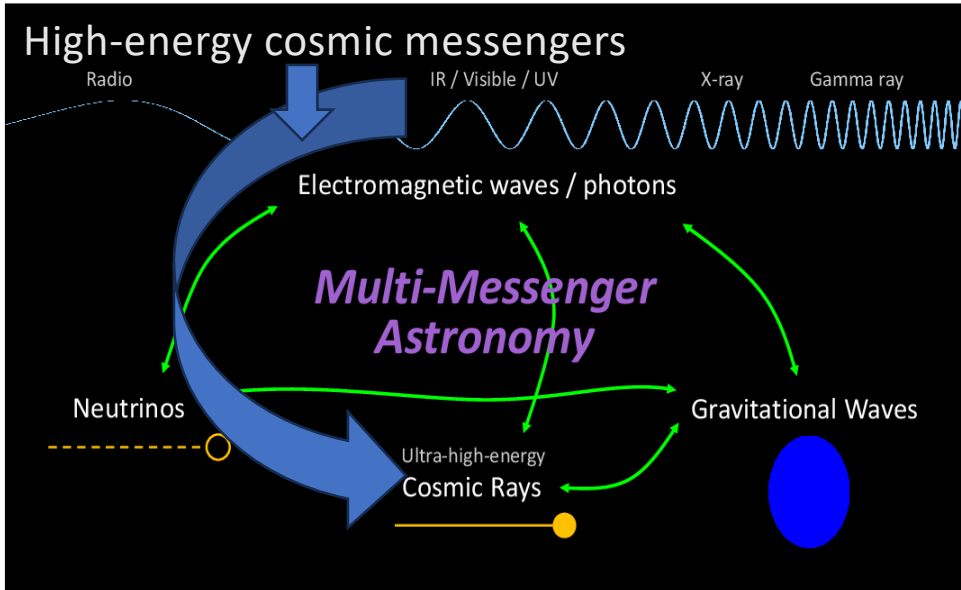
Multi-Messenger and Multi-Wavelength emission from Galaxy Clusters hosting AGNs

Saqib Hussain SMASH Fellow

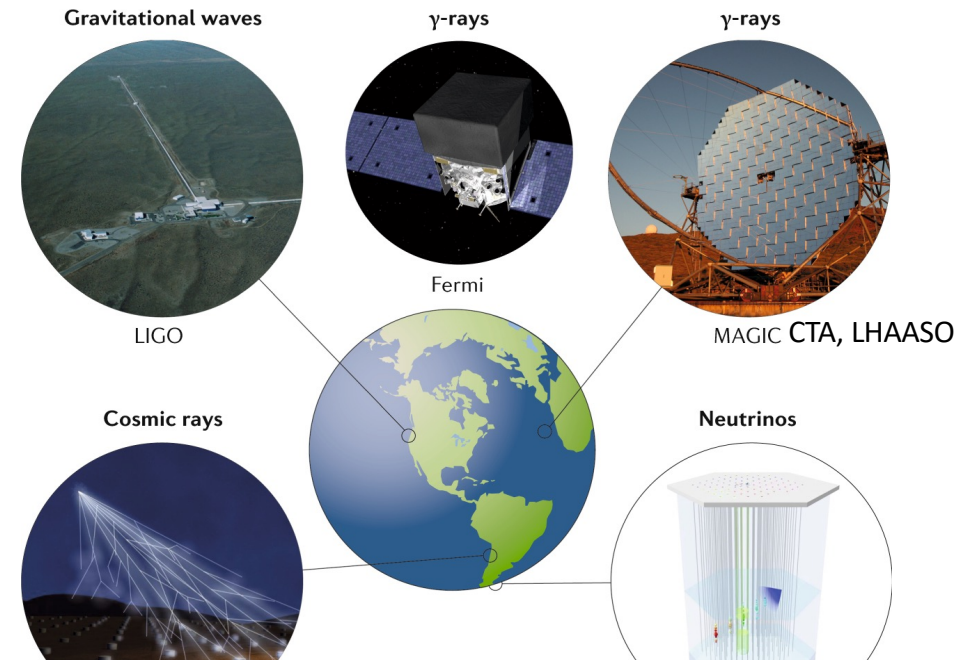
Collaborators: Gabrijela Zaharijas (UNG), Peter Peer (University of Ljubljana), Klaus Dolag (LMU, Germany), Elisabete M. de Gouveia Dal Pino (USP, Brazil), Rafael Alves Batista (AIP, Paris)

Introduction

- Era of multi-messenger astronomy
- Sensitive experiments to observe MWL, gamma-rays, Neutrinos, CRs, and GW



unprecedented sensitive observation facilities for multi-messengers



Motivation

Developing a comprehensive numerical framework:

- ❖ To explore the intricacies of acceleration and emission mechanisms of cosmic messengers.
- ❖ Providing crucial space distribution constraints for future observatories

NGC 1275

Why Clusters

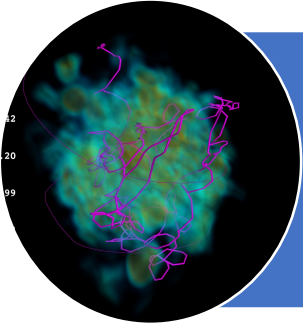
Large size (~ 1 Mpc), Strong magnetic field (~ 1 μ G), High temperature ($\sim 10^8$ K).
Experiments: CTA, IceCube-Gen2, TA

Does the multi-messenger have common origin:
Produce by a single class of sources?

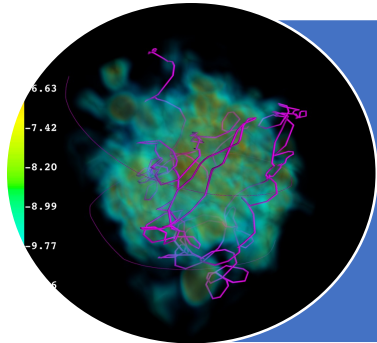
Outline



MHD Simulation to probe clusters across redshift
Implementing Machine Learning to speed-up the process

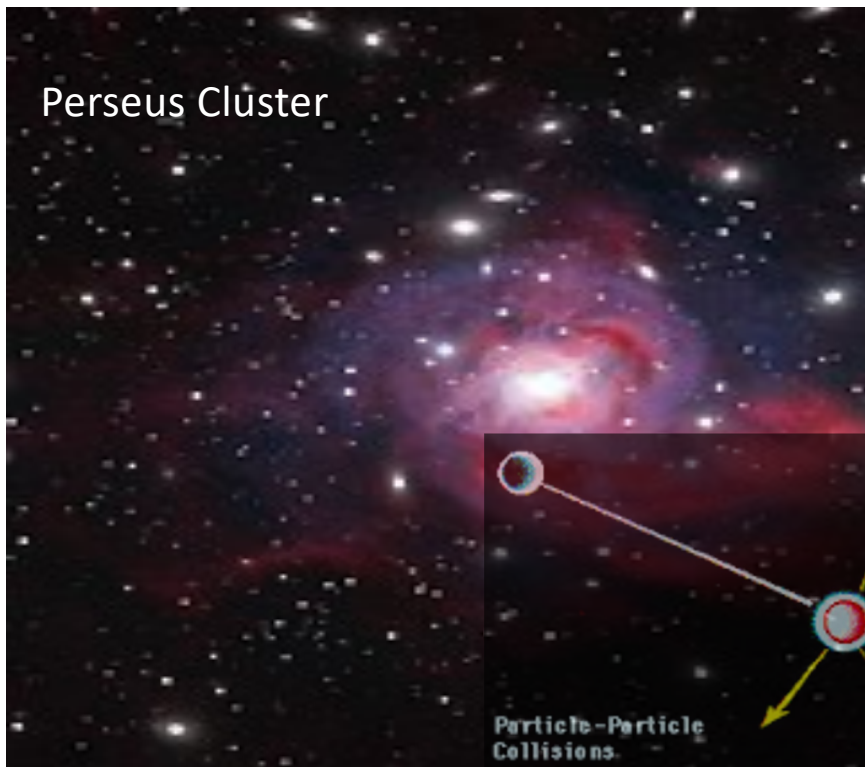


how cosmic-rays accelerated in clusters of galaxies?
Gamma-rays and neutrinos production from Perseus cluster



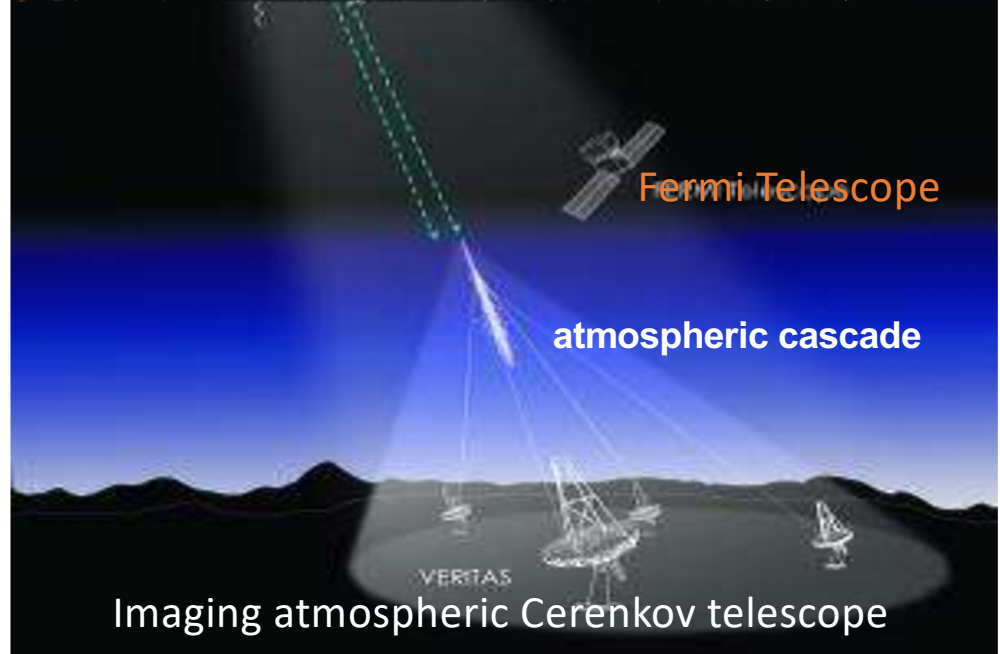
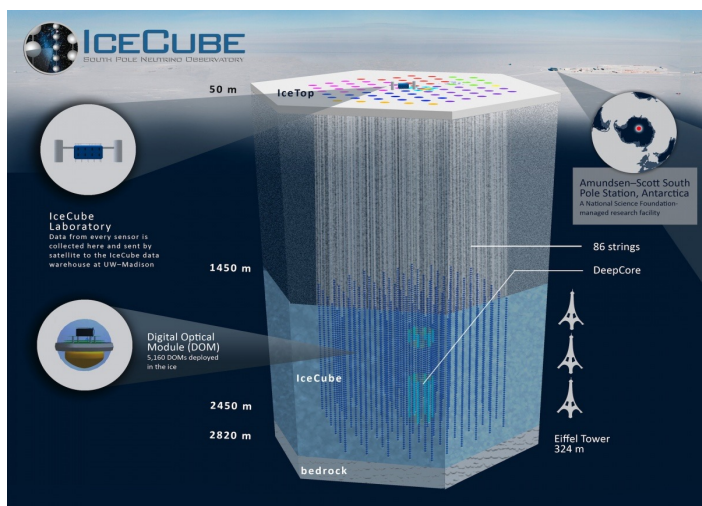
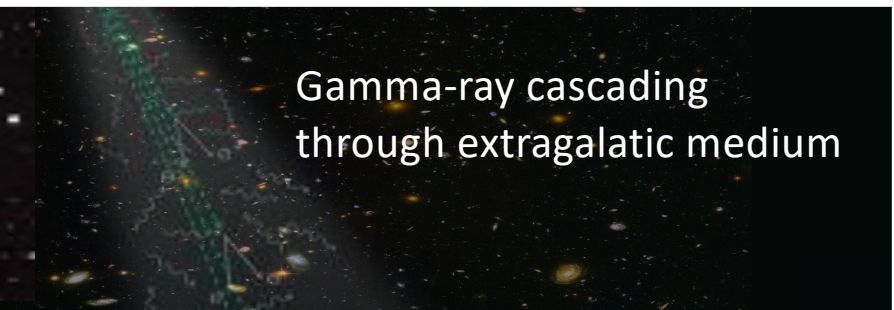
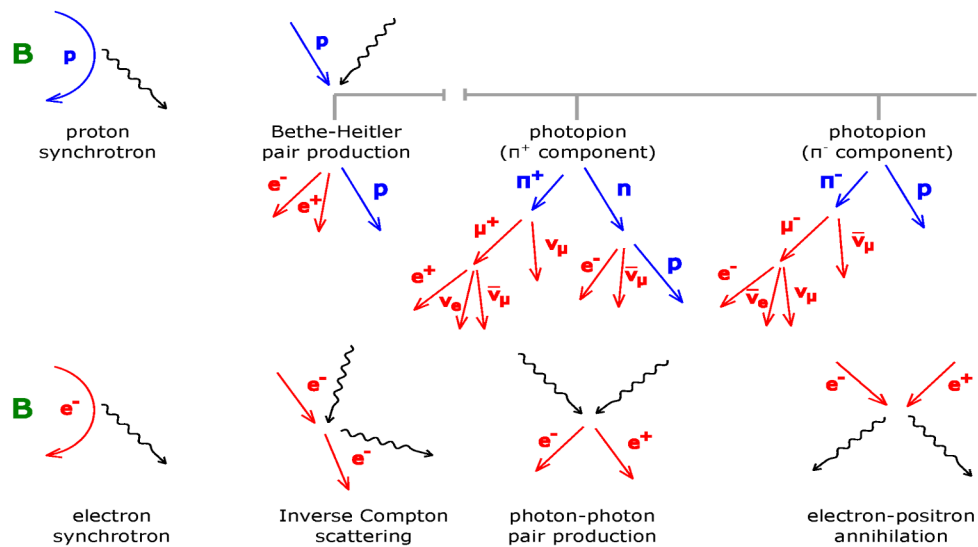
Propagation and interactions of cosmic rays inside clusters
by combining MHD and Monte-Carlo simulations

Methodology



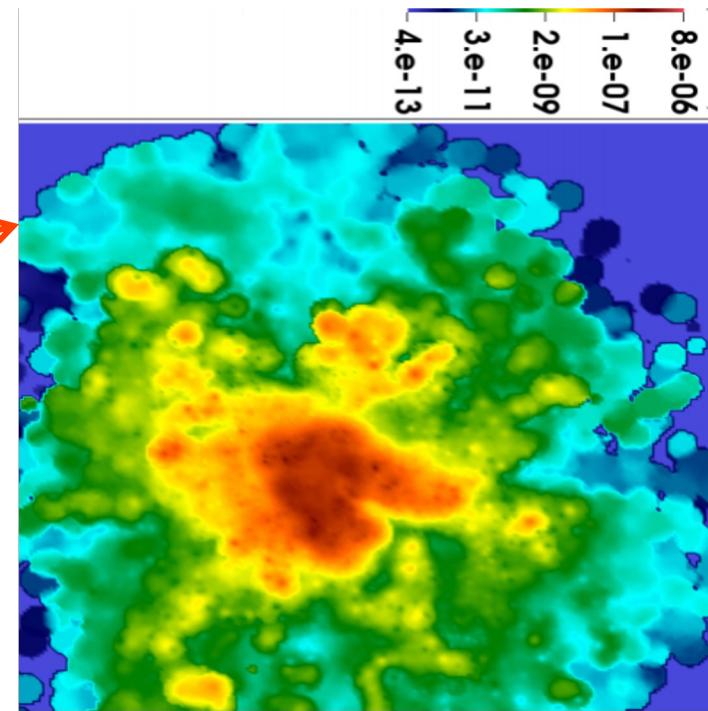
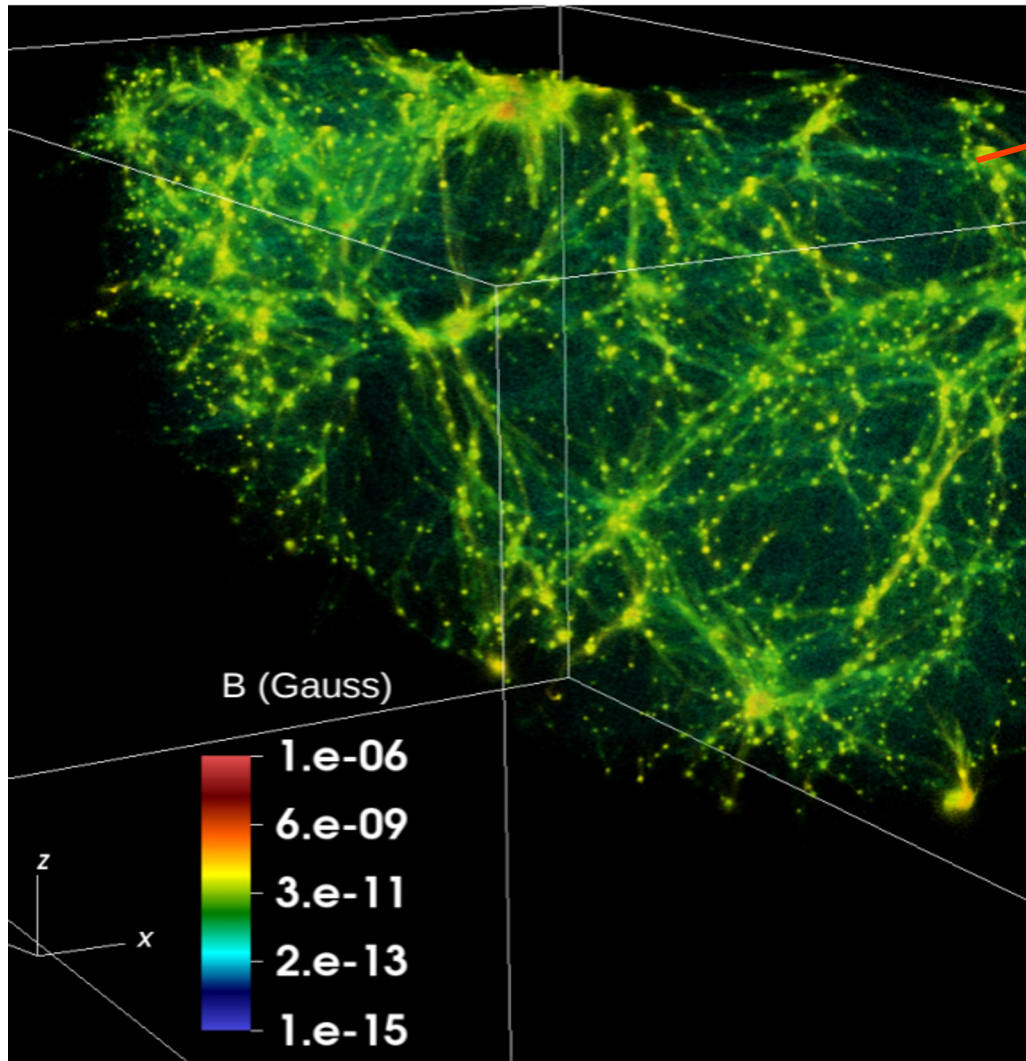
hadronic

leptonic

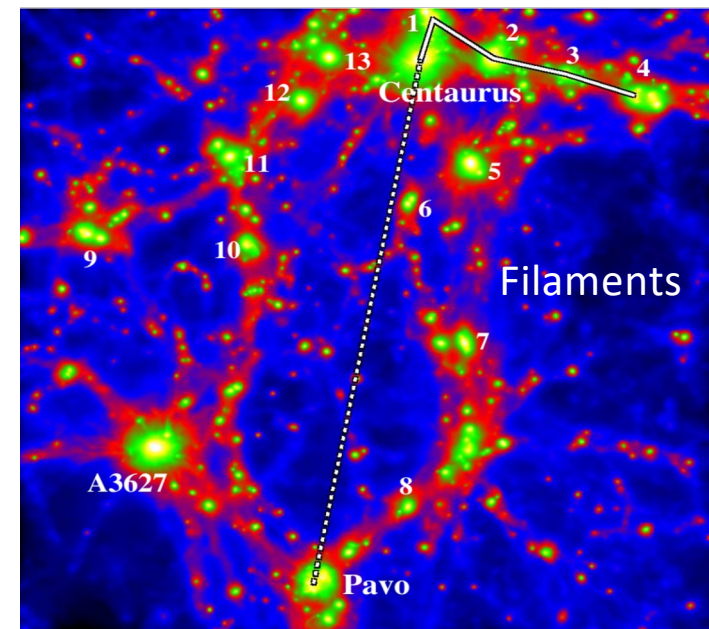


Multi messengers Emission and Observations

Cosmological 3D-MHD simulation

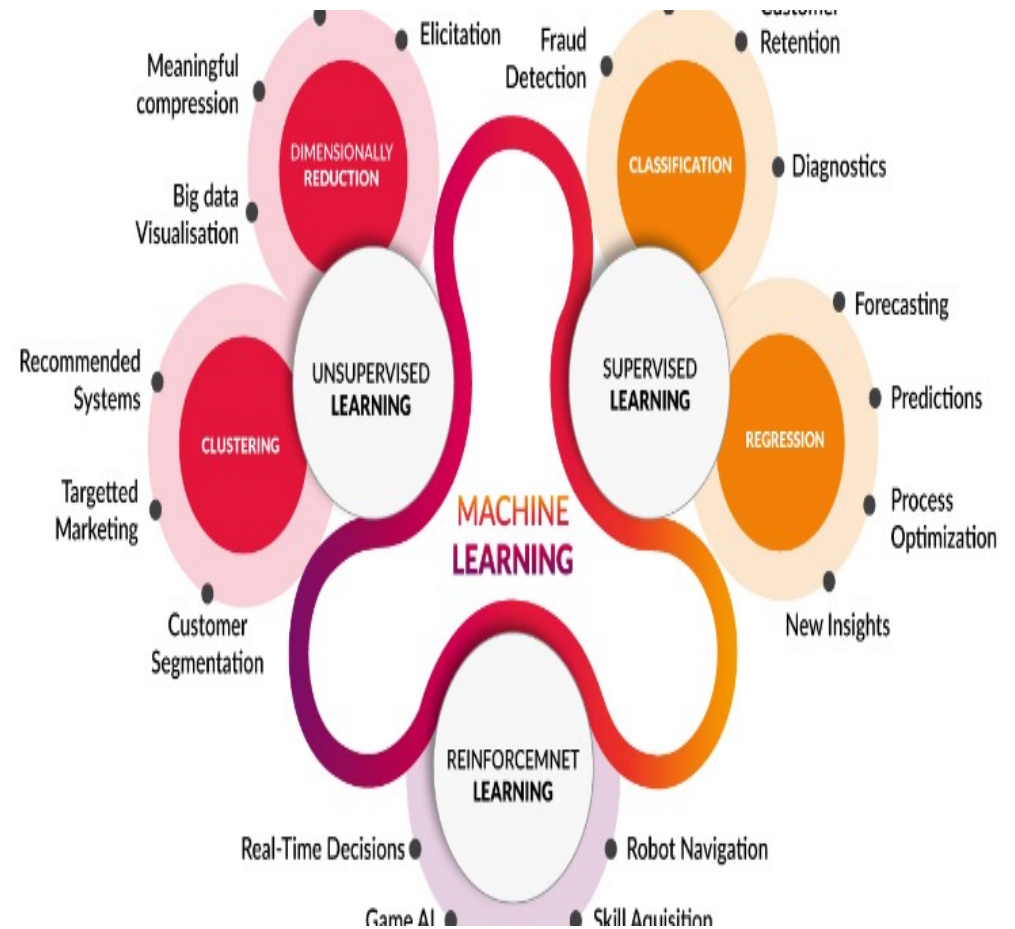


$M \sim 10^{14.5} M_{\text{sun}}$



SPH GADGET simulations (Springel 2005)
Large-scale structure, filaments, and clusters, $z < 5.0$
seed magnetic field $\sim 10^{-12}$ [G], spatial resolution ~ 10 kpc

Machine Learning



- ML techniques: **clustering, classification, parameter estimation, non-linear interpolation, symbolic regression, and Anomaly Detection**
- Training neural networks to reduce computational time
- Using ML techniques is the trade-off between accuracy and speed-up

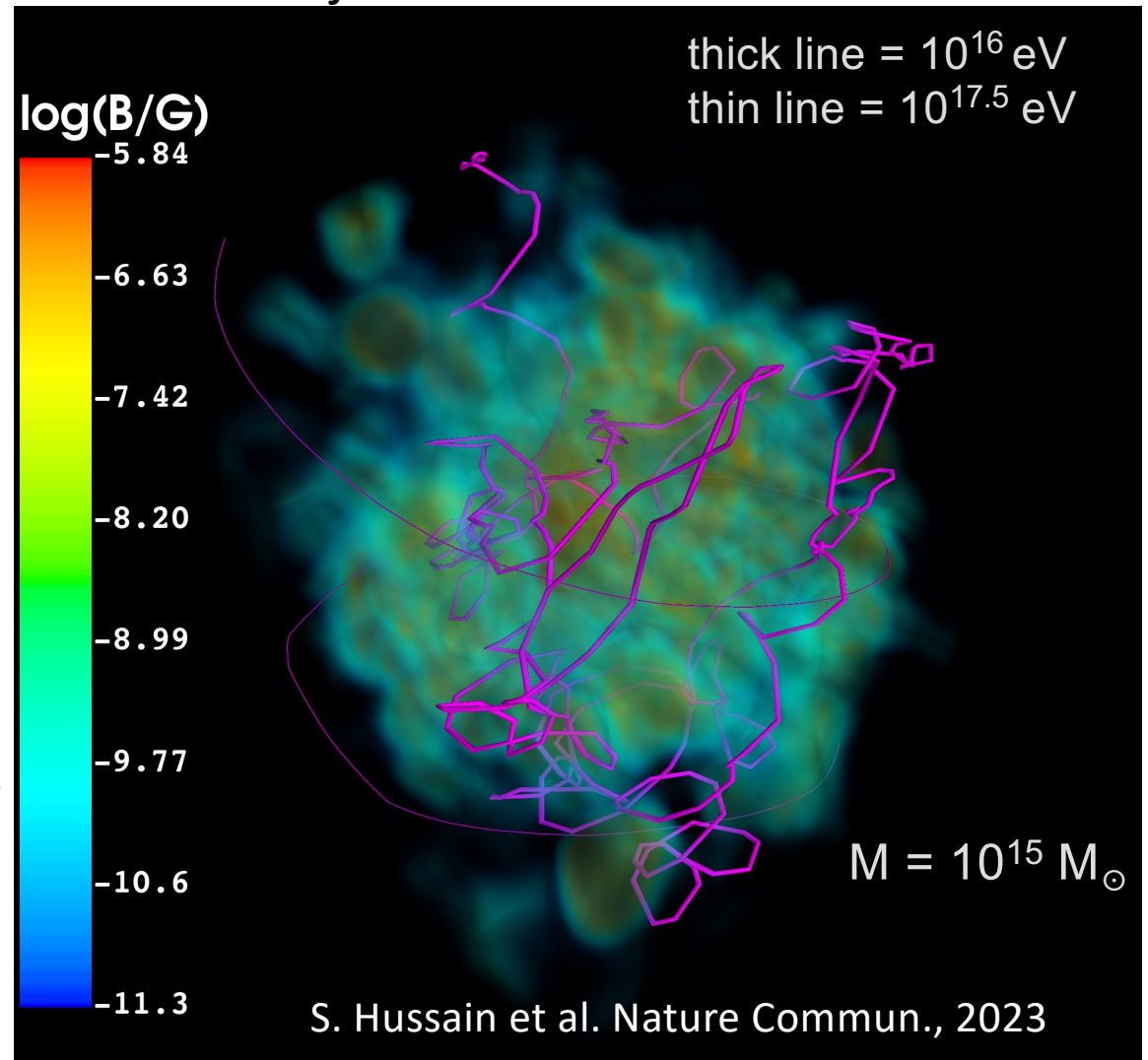
MHD simulations Combined with Monte Carlo simulations

Background: Magnetic-field, Gas density, Bremsstrahlung, CMB, EBL, and Radio background

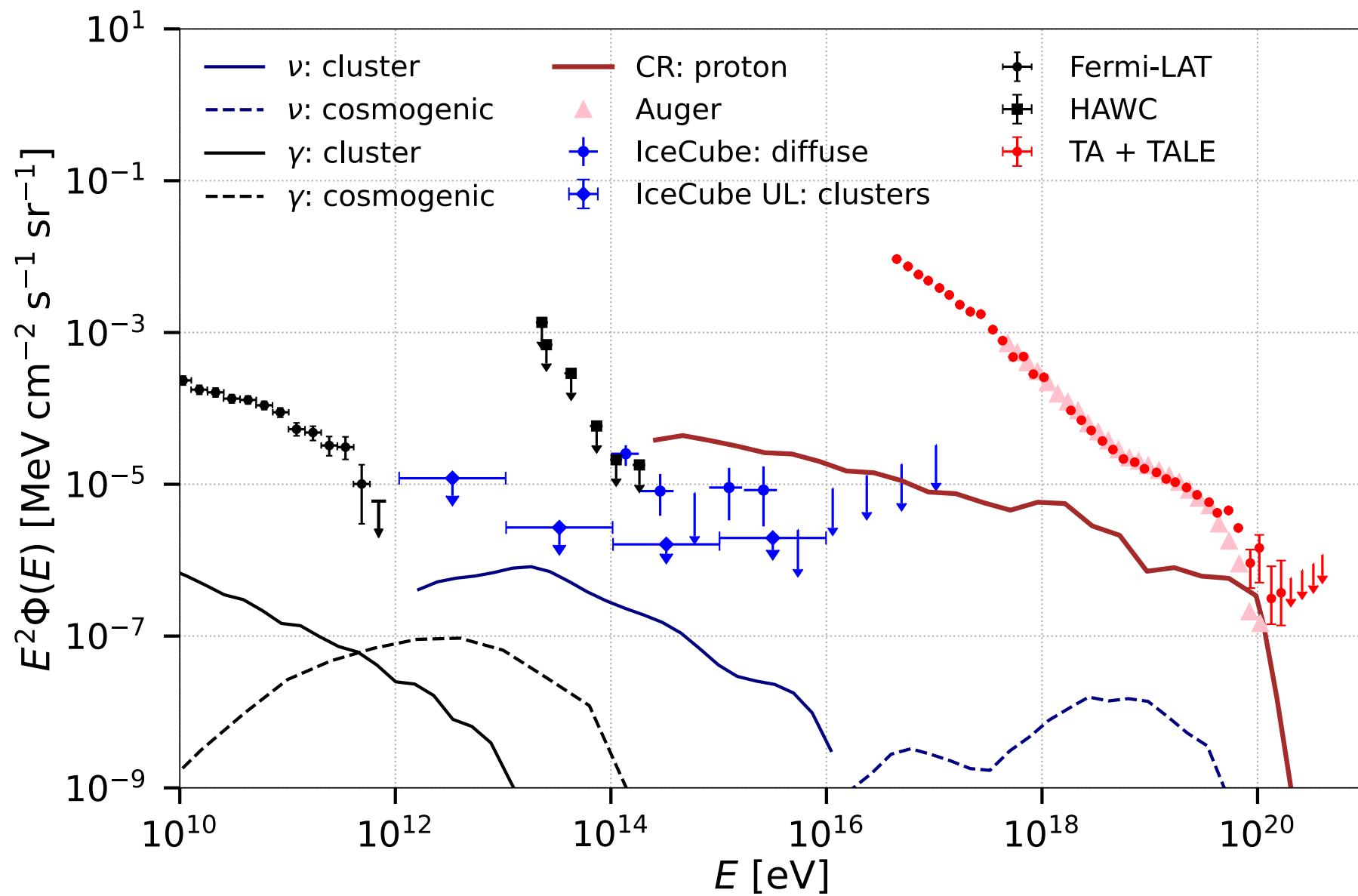
Cosmic Ray Propagation (Hadronic and leptonic)

Low energy ($<10^{17}$ eV) CRs: Diffusive
High Energy ($>10^{17}$ eV) CRs: Semi-diffusive or Ballistic

CR trajectories inside a Cluster



Multi-messenger picture of Perseus-like sources ~ 75 Mpc



Summary

- ❖ Potential to address pressing questions in the scientific field.
- ❖ Directly aligned with the current and upcoming astronomical experiments
- ❖ Attracting the attention of peers and the broad community.

SMASH

Exceptional research environment and scientific training programs offered by the SMASH are indispensable in ensuring the accomplishment of the proposed project.



Thanks